	ALLFORD	HALL	MONAGHAN	MORRIS
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	Meet	ing Notes – Richard Lee
	cc.	-
www. ahmm.co.uk	Pages	1
F +44 (0) 20 7251 5123 info@ahmm.co.uk	Date	08.05.2018 (Tuesday)
T +44 (0) 20 7251 5261	Job No	H0005
London EC1V 9HL	Ref	-
Morelands 5 - 23 Old Street	Subject	DIOHAS Meetings 2018 3/6 – meeting notes
Allford Hall Monaghan Morris Ltd Architects	Project	-

DIOHAS meeting 2018 3/6: 8th May 2018, 4.30-6.00pm at AHMM (5-23 Old Street, London EC1V 9HL)

Attendance:

- 1. Richard Lee Multiplex (guest speaker)
- 2. Peter Waxman Multiplex
- 3. Andy Jobling Levitt Bernstein
- 4. George Poppe Sheppard Robson
- 5. Nima Shamsipour Rund
- 6. Paul Bussey AHMM (host)
- 7. Goh Ong AHMM (host)

01	Our guest speaker is Richard Lee, a Senior Pre-Construction engineer at Multiplex. The presentation will be on a range of temporary works and CDM requirements from a designer's perspective, there will be a focus on 'top down' and what designers need to be aware of when approaching jobs in this manner.
	Below is a short biography of Richard:
	Richard is an Incorporated Civil Engineer with over a decade of experience in temporary and permanent works design within global management contracting. He has worked extensively in both Australia and the UK, and has recently gained additional experience in the North American construction market. For the past four years, he has been with the main contractor Multiplex, where he focuses on preconstruction engineering and project delivery.
	Richard's wide engagement within the construction industry can be seen in his participation in the ICE (Institution of Civil Engineers) digital transformation community of practice (formerly the ICE Information Systems Panel). He was also closely involved with the UK launch of the Handbook for the Design of Modular Structures earlier this year

Temporary Works and Top Down Construction – DIOHAS 8th May

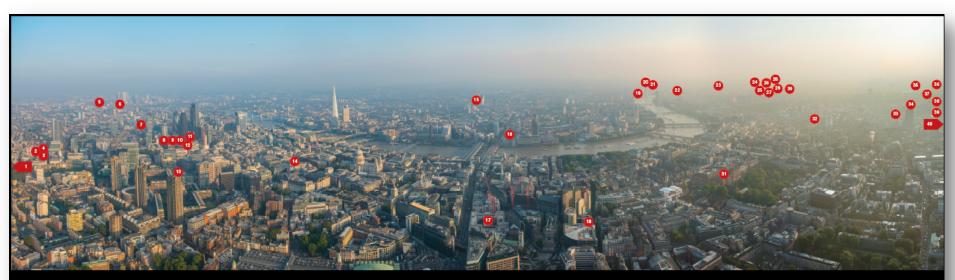
30th September 2017

Richard Lee IEng MICE Multiplex – Engineering

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MULTIPLEX Construction Europe

MULTIPLEX



- 1. White Collar Factory
- 2. The Stage
- 3. Principal Place Commercial
- 4. Principal Place Residential
- 5. Royal Albert Dock
- 6. West India Quays
- 7. Aldgate Tower
- 8. 100 Bishopsgate
- 9. 15 St Helen's Place 10. 5-7 St Helen's Place
- 10. 5-7 St Helens Had

- 22 Bishopsgate
 15 Bishopsgate
 London Wall Place
 125 Wood Street
 Strata SE1
 One Blackfriars
 LDP
 98 Fetter Lane
 98 sentinel Point
 - Sentinel Point
- 20. The Tower One St George Wharf

- One Nine Elms
 Verde SW1
- 22. Verde SW1 23. Chelsea FC
- 23. Chelsea 24. The Gle
- The Glebe
 Manresa Road
- 26. Eaton Place
- 27. Lateral Apartments
- 28. The Wellesley
- 29. 199 Knightsbridge
- 30. Holland Park Villas

- 31. 48 Carey Street
- 32. LSQ London
- 33. Burlington Gate
- 34. Centre Point
- 35. 20 Grosvenor Square
- 36. Marble Arch Place
- 37. 73 Brook Street
- 38. 73 89 Oxford Street
- 39. 80 Charlotte Street

Projects out of frame

- 40. University of London Cartwright Gardens
- 41. Thames Edge
- 42. Wembley National Stadium
- 43. University of Reading
- 44. University of Kent
- 45. Peterborough City Hospital
- 46. Eden Shopping Centre
- The Queen Elizabeth University Hospital & Royal Hospital for Children, Glasgow
 City Park 1, Aberdeen
- 48. City Park 1, Aberdeen
- Royal Hospital for Sick Children & Department for Clinical Neurosciences, Edinburgh
 Longhan Dark Listel
- 50. Langley Park Hotel

Agenda

- The Role of Principal Contractor
- What is Temporary Works
- Examples of Temporary Works
- Temporary works design process
- CDM and Temporary works



As Principal Contractor, to ensure that temporary works are properly briefed, planned designed, constructed, loaded and removed with the same TLC as permanent works

What are Temporary Works?

Introduction to Temporary Works



Parts of the works that allow or enable construction of, project, support or provide access to, the permanent works and which might or might not remain in place at the completion of the works



Examples of Temporary Works **MULTIPLEX**

- Site Establishment: Offices, Hoardings, crossovers, signage
- Party Wall Award: Support, Protection
- Access: Temporary platforms, roads , bridges, ramps
- Excavations and Foundations: excavation support
- Deep Basements: Dewatering, Temporary Propping Superstructure: Form/falsework, temporary platforms, Edge Protection
- Plant: Tower cranes, Mortar Silos, Hoists
- External Frame: Scaffold , Cradles, Cantilever Platforms
- Internal: Scaffold, mobile platforms, other plant
- Roof: Scaffold, Edge Protection

Temporary Works and the Contract **MULTIPLEX**

"The Contractor takes full responsibility for the adequacy stability and safety of all site operations and methods of construction." (ICE forms of contract)

In the others (JCT/NEC etc.) it is inferred:

"Responsible for carrying out the works in accordance with the contract documents"

i.e. Provide all necessary plant and temporary works as may be necessary.

LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY - CONTRACT LAW

THE MAIN CONTRACTOR CANNOT SUBCONTRACT RESPONSIBILITY FOR SAFETY

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MULTIPLEX Can you spot the Temporary Works ?





Design Psychology

Permanent Works	Temporary Works
50/50 Live/Dead Load	10/1
High Robust Frame	Low
Long Term Planning	Short term: Wanted yesterday, Quick, Now
Bespoke New Product	2 nd Hand, Eccentric loads
50/ 120 Years	Hours, Days, Weeks, etc.
Billions Spent on Research	Millions

Problems with Temporary Works

- Decisions on site are made with haste.
- No Planning or No Procedures or inappropriate use of the procedures.
- Poor or No Design.
- Lack of competent contractor.
- Inappropriate use of TW.
- Changes are not properly managed.

Some Poor Examples



Cardiff City Centre – Scaffold Collapse





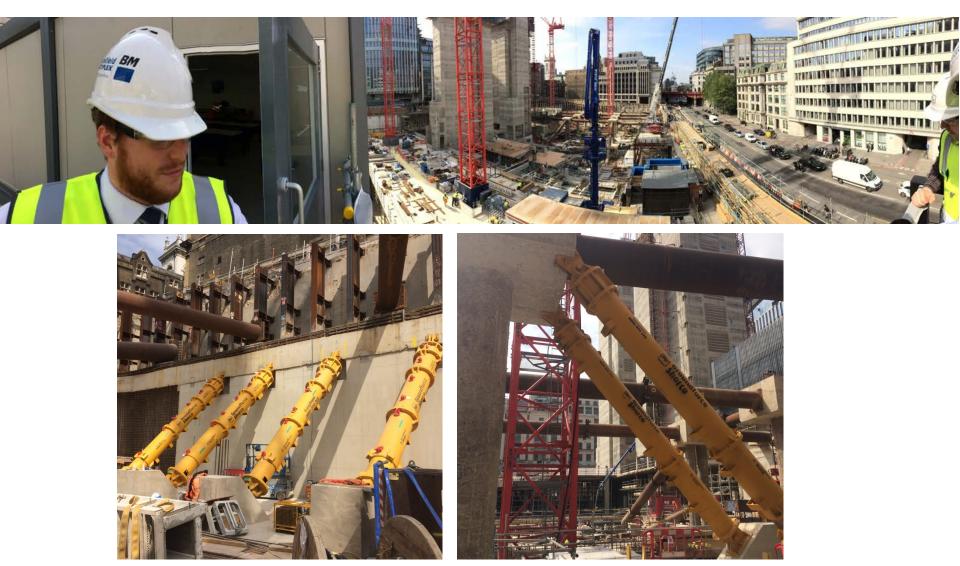


Morgan Est / Vinci were **fined** when a piling rig fell across a live Southend/ London Line that missed a train by 2 minutes... A trench had been excavated within the piling mat and had been poorly backfilled...



Temporary Works Done Well

MULTIPLEX



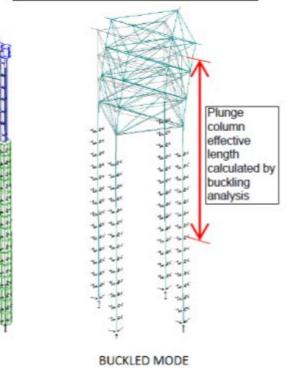
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Temporary Works Done Well





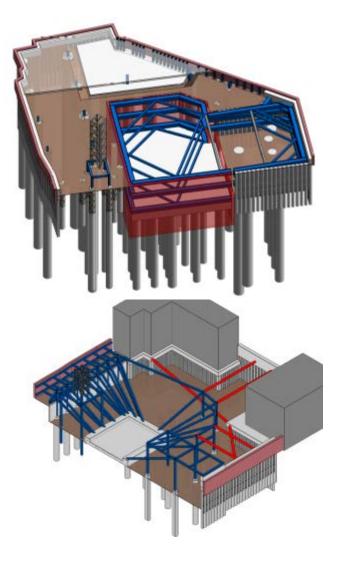
RBG-3719-SK010 Staged analysis of Crane Support System 12 December 2014



STAGE 8



Partial Top-Down Construction

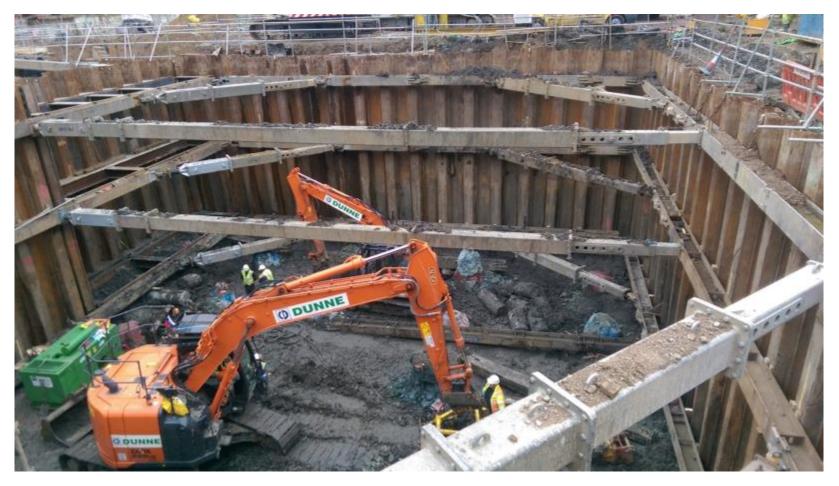




Cofferdam Construction

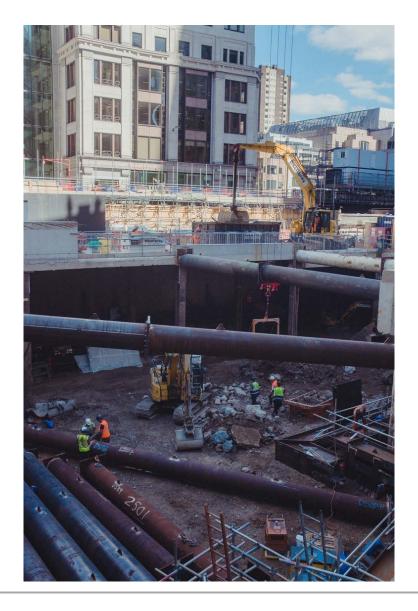


Multi Level Propping



100 Bishopsgate



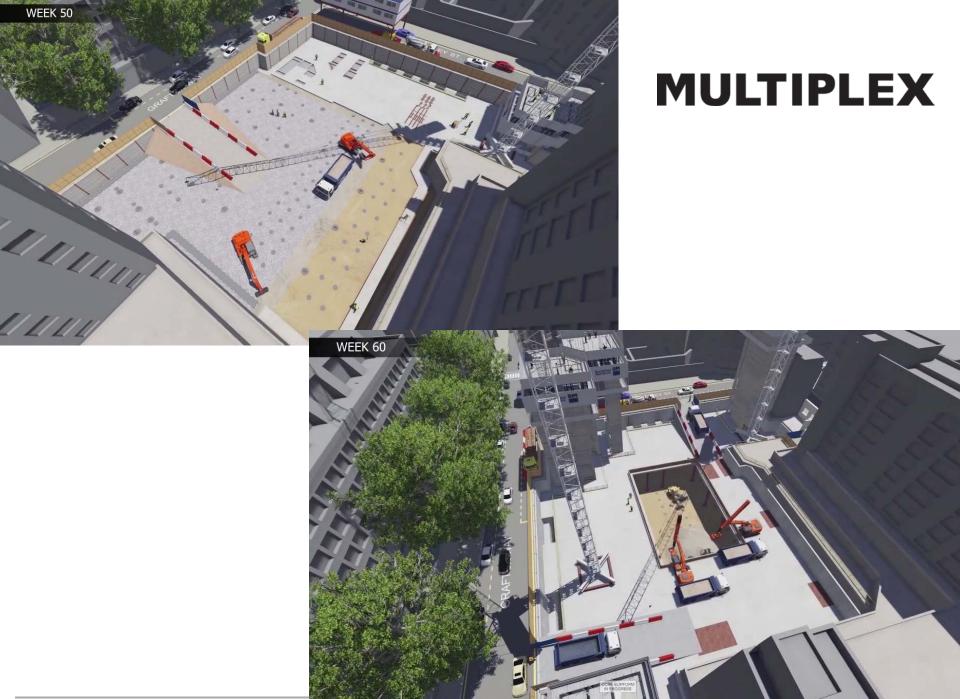




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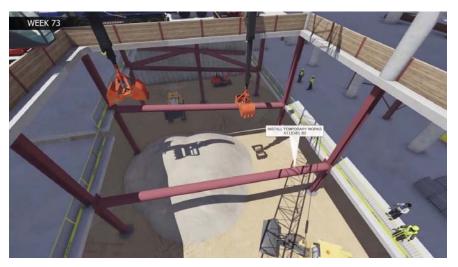
A Complex top down procedure in Central London













Façade Restraint





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Why do we need Procedures?



- Health and Safety at Work Act 1974
- The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regs 1992
- Work at Height Regulations 2005
- Construction (Design & Management) Regs (CDM) 2015
- Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment Regulations (LOLER) 1998
- Provision and use of work equipment Regulations
 1998

CDM 2015

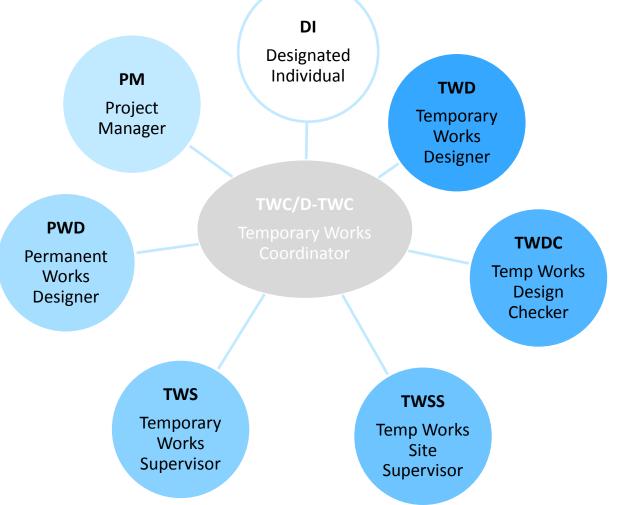
MULTIPLEX

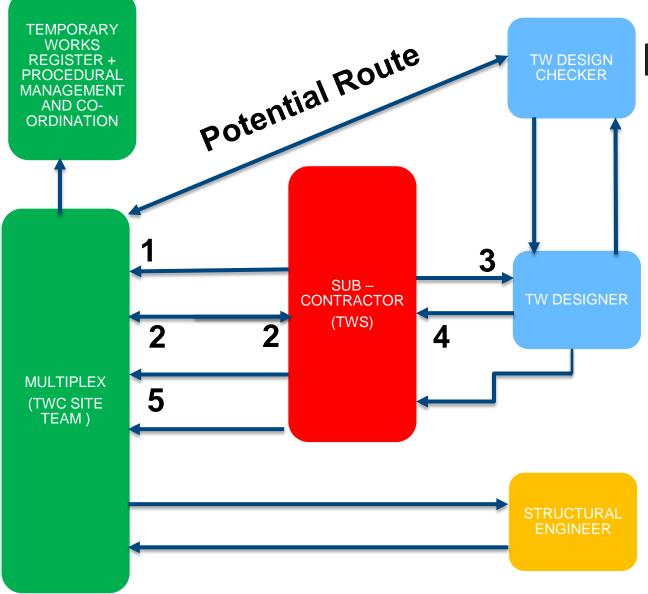
CDM 2015 Regulation 9 Duties of Designers L153 guidance states:

86) When designing, a designer must consider the risks people may be exposed to through the course of both constructing a building and using it.

91) Designers should liaise with any other designers, including the principal designer, so that work can be coordinated to establish how different aspects of designs interact and influence health and safety. This includes temporary and permanent works designers.

Main Roles Involved





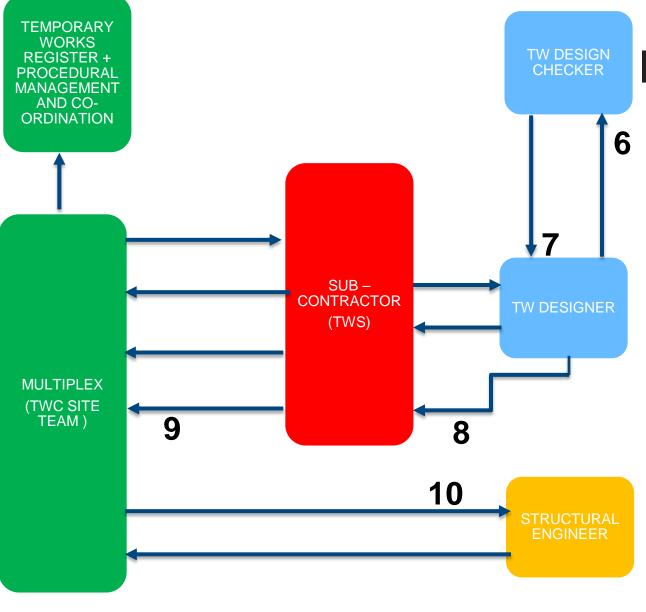
1- Sub-Contractor TWS to issue Design Brief to Multiplex TWC

2- Multiplex TWC to Comment / Review and finally Agree Brief with TWC

3- Sub contractor employed TWD to Review TW Brief

4- TWD to acknowledge Brief is satisfactory to undertake design

5- Subcontractor TWS to issue TW Brief Certificate to TWC



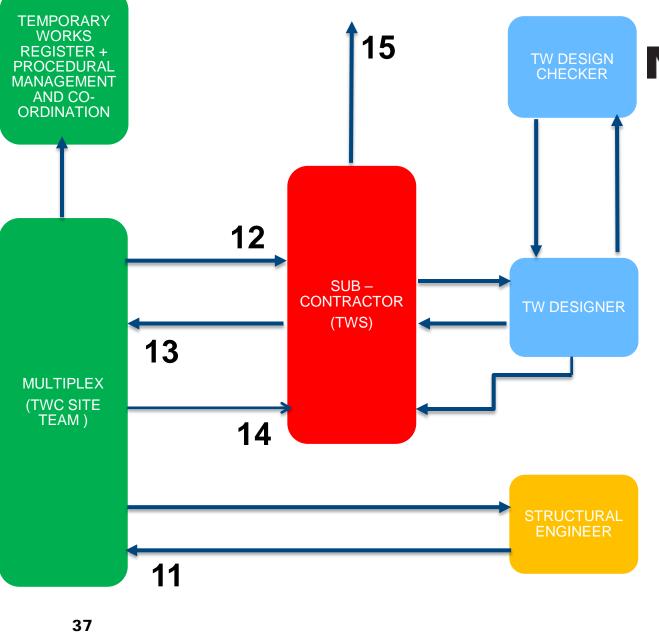
6 – TWD to issue completed TW Design to TW Design Checker

7- TW Design Checker to confirm approval of Design on Design Check Certificate

8 – Approved TW Design provided to Sub contractor with TW Design and TW Design Check Certificates

9- Sub contractor issues approved design to Multiplex TWC

10- Multiplex TWC to issue design to Structural Engineer to Review / Approve



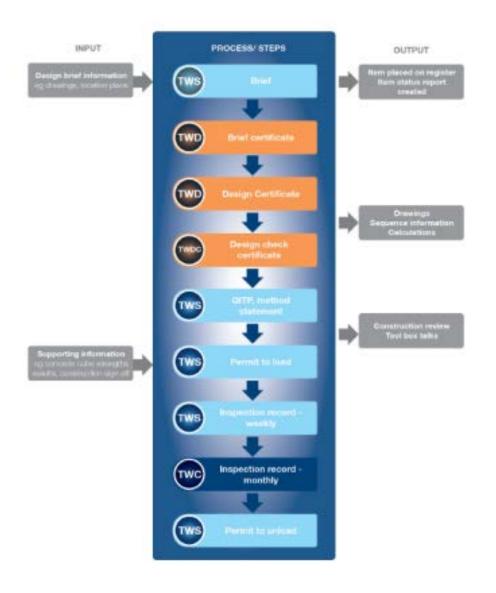
11- Structural Engineer confirms Acceptance

12- Multiplex TWC confirms design is acceptable to sub contractor

13- Subcontractor TWS to provide all documents including method statements and risk Assessments with Permit to Load to Multiplex TWC

14- Multiplex TWC to review, comment and sign Permit to Load form

15- Sub contractor commences construction on site



Designers TWD Terposey Works Designer TWD Terposey Works Designer TWDD Terposey Works Design Charles

Bedecontractor TWS Response Works Reported TWSS Response Works Str. Systematics

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Competence

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- A person who can demonstrate they have sufficient professional or technical training, knowledge, experience to enable them to:
 - Understand the potential hazards
 - Detect technical defects or omissions, recognise implications for Health and Safety
 - Understand where the boundary of their competence lies

"Nobody can know everything, a coordinated approach and communication across disciplines is essential"

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